

## **2024 ANNUAL MEETING**

January 20, 2024 Sioux Falls Convention Center Sioux Falls, SD

## what we believe

The South Dakota Corn
Growers Association works
to increase the profitability
of all South Dakota corn
farmers through our
membership's strong voice
in all legislative activities

- ·A commitment to meet the needs of our consumers and customers in a changing world
- ·Encourage national and state leaders to lead policy that promotes a thriving agricultural sector
- ·Improving our national infrastructure that will allow farmers to get their products to market in a safe and effective manner
- ·Helping secure a bright future for tomorrow's farmers and not limiting their opportunities
- ·Leaving our land in better shape than we found it so generations to come can meet the needs of the growing world population

## **2024 RESOLUTIONS OF THE** SOUTH DAKOTA CORN GROWERS ASSOCIATION **PREAMBLE** The South Dakota Corn Growers Association (SDCGA) is a non-partisan, non-profit corporation committed to promoting the profitability of South Dakota corn farmers. The SDCGA works to promote corn and improve corn profitability, influence public policy and legislative efforts, and increase corn usage through livestock feeding and new domestic products to improve the quality of life in a changing world. **GENERAL** We support efforts of all Corn Growers Associations to increase corn profitability. We support research to understand the carbon intensity scoring of corn production in South Dakota. (21) We support legislation strengthening property rights and vested drainage rights of agricultural land in South Dakota. (21) We support cooperative tax laws to equal the tax benefits of other business entities. (18) We support a Productivity-Based Property Tax System. (10) We are opposed to any new tax on ag inputs. (15) We are opposed to taxes on dyed diesel. (15) We support ag land property taxes based on highest and best use. (16) We oppose ag land property taxes based on actual use. (16) We support education for farmers, urban consumers and regulators about safe and efficient use of agriculture chemicals, fertilizers and pesticides based on adequate, peer-reviewed and impartial scientific evidence maintaining the current level of tolerances. (18)We support a statewide voluntary nutrient management plan for South Dakota. (18) We will continue to support research through the precision ag major at SDSU and we believe our investment in Precision Agriculture at SDSU is important to agriculture in South Dakota. (19)

1 2	We support increased funding and flexibility for counties to update their roads and bridges. (19)
5 4 5	We will continue to support the modernization of ag facilities at SDSU. (19)
5 5 7	We support labeling that accurately reflects actual production methods and practices. (20)
3 a	Any decrease in state revenue shall not be paid for by an increase in property taxes. (23)
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14	AG PROCESSING/ETHANOL
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16	We encourage the use of ethanol-blended fuel and degradable plastics. (21)
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18	We support the usage of ethanol or biodiesel in all state owned vehicles. (11)
19	
20	We support research to determine the maximum amount of ethanol that can be
21	productively utilized by non-flex fuel vehicles. (21)
22	
23	We encourage retail fuel outlets across the U.S. to offer blends E-15 and above. (20)
24	We conserve most in a blood or account for ethernal blooded fools throughout the LIC that
25	We support putting blender pumps for ethanol blended fuels throughout the US that
26 27	would give flex fuel vehicle owners the opportunity to select the blend of Ethanol and
27 28	unleaded that is the most cost effective for their vehicle upon appropriate federal
20 29	approval. (11)
30	We support ethanol and other biofuels as alternative aviation fuels. (21)
31	we support ethanor and other biorders as alternative aviation rucis. (21)
32	We demand the full implementation of the Renewable Fuels Standard. (21)
33	(,
34	We support science and research to enable corn-starch ethanol to qualify as an advanced
35	biofuel under RFS2. (11)
36	
37	We support the development of a dedicated ethanol pipeline system in the U.S. (08)
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39	We request that a majority of any economic development funds generated by the state of
10	South Dakota be directed toward new or expanding ag processing facilities. (21)
11	
12	We will inform and encourage farmers to become involved with and invest in producer-
13	owned, value-added processing plants and businesses. (21)
14	
<del>1</del> 5	We will work with all agricultural commodity groups to support promoting the
16 17	verification of commercial moisture tester accuracy by the Public Utilities Commission
17 10	(PUC) on a random basis. (21)
18 10	We support DDC research to develop methods which would sid in the graduat handling
19 50	We support DDG research to develop methods, which would aid in the product handling, feeding transportation and consistency for end-users (08)

We oppose any constitutional amendment creating new limitations on agricultural business structures and business practices. We support in-state value-added agricultural processing and the efforts of SD Ag Commodity Groups to promote their products and increase profitability for their members. (21) We support establishment of federal fuel standards which increase octane requirements in finished gasoline through higher blends of ethanol for use in higher compression engines for improved fuel economy and air quality. (14) We support renewing EPA tax credits for E85 vehicles past 2017. (18) We urge Congress to update base acres in every farm bill to more accurately reflect production planting across the U.S. (18) We support the recognition of soil carbon sequestration in California and all other Low Carbon Fuel Standards. (19) We support Low Carbon Fuel Standards to help drive ethanol demand based on its environmental benefits. (19) We demand the reallocation of RINS displaced by small refinery waivers. (19) We encourage automakers to produce E85 electric hybrid vehicles. (19) We oppose assigning RINS to exported ethanol. (19) Part of SDCGA's core mission is to support in-state corn grind, including helping to ensure that opportunities exist for future market development for value-added corn products within South Dakota. Because of that mission, we support carbon pipelines to lower the carbon intensity score of ethanol plants. It is also imperative that the processes used to complete these projects show respect for landowners' property rights. We believe eminent domain, while sometimes necessary, should be used as a tool of last resort. (24) We support carbon capture and transportation technology that increases the profitability and financial sustainability of South Dakota corn producers. (24) 

L	<u>LIVESTOCK</u>
2	We favor a law to only require a simple majority of the zoning board to obtain a
3	conditional use permit. (21)
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5	We support the standardization of animal units across the state (standardization based
5	upon federal regulations). (21)
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3	We support expanding the definition of value-added agriculture used by the SD Board of
9	Economic Development to include any processes that include the feeding of commodities
10	such as corn to animals. (21)
l1	
12	We oppose any dumping of livestock or meat products in the U.S. meat market. (09)
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14	We are opposed to any proposal that would tax livestock producers for their animal's
15	greenhouse gas emissions. (09)
16	
17	We oppose any efforts by township to restrict agricultural production. (09)
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19	We support responsible science based animal husbandry practices. (10)
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22	

L	FARM BILL
2	We support increases to both the statutory "reference price" in Section 1111 and the
3	Section 1201 loan rate in the Agricultural Act of 2014 for corn so long as high market
1	demand does not significantly decrease. The amount of any statutory increase is intended
5	to utilize favorable market conditions in a fiscally responsible manner. (21)
5	
7	We request our South Dakota Congressional delegation in Washington to strive for
3	fairness of trade in ag policies, including the enforcement of existing US trade
9	regulations. (21)
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11	We urge Congress to maintain the payment limits set forth in the 2007 Farm Bill. (10)
12	
13	We support conservation compliance for the betterment of our environment. (14)
14	
15	We support conservation compliance being attached to crop insurance premium. (18)
16	
17	We believe the federal government should not guarantee a profit, but it should provide
18	tools to help manage risk. (18)
19	
20	We support the rural / urban / conservation coalition approach to the farm bill. (18)
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22	We support strengthening and the modernization of the 2023 Farm Bill safety net. (23)
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27	EXPORT/TRADE
28	We urge Congress to increase its efforts to remove sanctions to free trade. (21)
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30	We emphasize that biotech issues not be used as a trade barrier. (21)
31	
32	We support free trade agreements that do not leave sectors of agriculture vulnerable to
33	dumping. (21)
34	
35	We support and encourage the efforts of the U.S. Grains Council (USGC), the Foreign
36	Agricultural Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDAFAS), the U.S. Meat Export
37	Federation (USMEF), and others to increase exports of corn, meats, ethanol, DDGs, and other
38	agriculturally related value-added products. (18)
39	
10	We support increased funding for foreign market development, market access and research
11	programs. (18)
12	
13	We support reauthorizing the President's Trade Promotion Authority (TPA). (18)
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15	We support trade policies that do not result in targeted, market distorting and export limiting
16	retaliatory tariffs on our agricultural products. (19)
17	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
18	We support the use of WTO processes for trade dispute resolution. (19)

**ENVIRONMENT** We will work with interested groups who are concerned with clean air and water to come up with positive legislation that not only protects the environment, but also ensures a strong viable agricultural industry. (21) We support the placing of only environmentally sensitive farmland into the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP) program and at rates that do not exceed average county rental rates for land of similar production capabilities. (21) We support research to understand the economic and environmental impact of water management on agricultural land. (12) We support the reporting for CAFO's under the EPA's Clean Water Act to remain the same. (12) We oppose EPA's consideration to impose control over all non-navigational waterways. (11)We support better, clearer, and more objective definitions for a wetland, farmed wetland, or prior converted wetland, which are not open to discretionary interpretation by the various governmental levels of Natural Resources Conservation Services (NRCS). (21) We support a wetland mitigation process. (08) We encourage producers to continually work on improving their nutrient management practices for the economic and environmental benefits it would provide. (11) We support the use of modern technology and more accurate information that is presently available to update the soil survey maps across South Dakota. (12) We support changing permanent wetland and grassland easements to no more than 99 years. (21) We support the option for current surface landowners to buy back U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and NRCS perpetual conservation easements at market value with the proceeds to reduce the national debt. (12) We support the procedural adjustments made by South Dakota Natural Resources Conservation Services (NRCS) (to comply with Swamp buster provisions of the 1985 Farm Bill), which put South Dakota farmers on a level playing field with the rest of the nation when it comes to how wetlands determinations are made. (21) We support corn and ethanol industry research and investment into economic and sustainable low-carbon technologies to further improve our Green House Gas (GHG) accounting score including encouraging the EPA to use the GREET model. (20) 

1	We demand that scientifically verifiable data be used when considering indirect Green
2	House Gas (GHG) emission effects such as Indirect Land Use Change (ILUC), and
3	believe that all energy sources should be held accountable for their indirect effects, based
4	on equal boundaries. (11)
5	on equal boundaries. (11)
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6	We support using marginal petroleum source emissions as the petroleum baseline when
7	calculating Green House Gas (GHG) reductions for biofuels. (11)
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9	We believe if biogenic carbon emissions are counted in calculations for Green House Gas
10	(GHG) emissions from combustion of biomass and/or biofuels, full credit must be given
11	for the GHG uptake and sequestration from the growing crop. (11)
12	
13	We oppose EPA's consideration to require a permit for every application of a pesticide.
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	(10)
15	We are EDA to a consideration of a determination on the consideration of the constant of the c
16	We urge EPA to use sound science in determining environmental impacts when it comes
17	to the use of crop protection products. (11)
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19	We support proper water management programs and the opportunity to increase land
20	productivity. (14)
21	
22	We support a value on carbon, while recognizing corn's ability to sequester carbon in the
23	soil. (17)
24	35 (27)
	We support the use of site specific radar generated rainfall data in determining normal
25	We support the use of site-specific radar generated rainfall data in determining normal,
26	wet and dry years in regard to wetland determination methods. (17)
27	
28	We support the use of private 3rd party wetland consultants and engineers in regard to
29	NRCS wetland determinations and wetland mitigation. (17)
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31	We support an appeals process on pesticide application violations. (19)
32	
33	We support tile drainage as a means to improve soil quality, prevent excess soil run-off,
34	increase land productivity and allow greater opportunity for reduced tillage and cover
35	cropping. (19)
36	cropping. (13)
	M/a haliawa allawaina magazana ahaliawa ahawla magain walimbani (20)
37	We believe all nutrient management plans should remain voluntary. (20)
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40	TRANSPORTATION
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42	We support a competitive infrastructure of rail, waterways and trucks to provide service
43	for all ag products. (08)
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45	We support anti-trust rail legislation. (10)
46	We support and trust rain legislation. (10)  We support any rail rate case that may be
47	brought forward. (10)
	bloaght forward. (10)
48	We arranged and arranged to Cillian for a formal and
49	We support reduction in filling fees for rail rate cases and a concrete deadline for ruling
50	on rate cases. (10)

We support a preamble of the law to reflect greater priority for shippers. (10) We support having the surface transportation board being fully operational and required to provide regulatory assistance. (21) We support railroad improvements in South Dakota, which enhances competition. (11) We support efforts to improve and expand transportation for the movement of agricultural products by all forms of transportation. (18) **BIOTECHNOLOGY** We support the positive contributions of biotechnology as it relates to human health, the environment, grain quality, and production benefits. (21) We support the commercial release of biotech corn hybrids or products that have been fully approved by the relevant U.S. regulatory agencies and for which the product registrant is aggressively pursuing approval in every country or bloc that requires approval prior to importation of corn, corn products, or food containing corn ingredients. (21)We support the U.S. regulatory system, including the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) and Environmental Protection Administration (EPA), and their use of sound science in determining regulations for utilization and development of biotechnology traits. (21) We support the strict enforcement of science-based isolation and containment requirements for the research, production and processing of all crops that are not approved for food and feed use in the United States and key export markets in order to protect the commercial grain industry and food supply. (08) We support enforcement policies that require farmers to follow the refuge requirement in order to protect against insect resistance. (08) We support the development of internationally accepted science-based tolerance standards. (21) We support the technology agreements indemnify farmers from liability once they follow regulations and guidelines provided by the biotech provider and seed companies. (21) We support the establishment of a publicly funded research center at a land grant-institution including South Dakota State University (SDSU) to disseminate information, science, etc. about biotech. (21) We support licensing all seed and technology discovered at SDSU. The SDCGA also

supports that the ownership of all germ plasm remains at SDSU. (14)